The production of natural rock cement in the United States in the years 1899, 1900 and 1901, was as follows:—

1899	. 9,868,179	barrels,	valued	at \$4,814,771
1900	8,383,519		"	3,728,848
1901			"	3,056,278

The number of works engaged in the production of Portland cement in 1901 was 56, and the number producing natural rock cement was 60.

MICA.

Value of Mica exported from Canada during the years ended June 30,
1888–1903:—

Year.	Quantity.	Value.	Year.	Quantity.	Value.
	Lbs.	\$		Lbs.	\$
1888	285,501	8,767	1896	558,419	55,627
1889	510,151	$\frac{35,633}{26,932}$	1897 1898	479,016 509,336	61,998 69,513
1891 1892	1	22,312 68,466	1899	1,186,185 $1.079.353$	148,239 136,352
1893		96,900 26,553	1901	979,258 997,165	149,588 242,310
1895	771,097	47,469	1903	1,393,720	327,879

NOTE.—For production of mica see page 181.

Principal countries to which exported, 1903—

Great Britain	729,489	"	\$143,736 183,193 950
Total1	,393,720		\$327,879

Mica production of the United States in 1902 was as follows:—Sheet mica, 419,266 pounds, valued at \$84,335, and scrap mica, 1,377tons, valued at \$34,006 The quantity of mica imported during the same year was 1,806,584 pounds, valued at \$384,818; in 1903, 1,945,199 lbs, valued at \$414,953.

A specific duty of 6 cents per pound is imposed on unmanufactured mica and 12 cents per pound on mica cut or trimmed, with an additional 20 per cent ad valorem duty on each.